Hnited States Senate WASHINGTON, DC 20510

August 7, 2020

The Honorable Neil Chatterjee Chairman Federal Energy Regulatory Commission 888 First Street, NE Washington, DC 20426

Re: RM20-10, Electric Transmission Incentives Policy

Dear Chairman Chatterjee:

As the Commission finalizes new policies for electric transmission incentives, we urge you to incorporate performance-based incentives that promote the use of smart grid technologies that improve the capacity and efficiency of the existing transmission grid. While some additional transmission infrastructure will be required to support the transition to a clean energy economy, in many cases there are more cost-effective technologies that can be deployed quickly to improve grid operation. We believe the final rule should provide targeted incentives for deployment of advanced grid-enhancing technologies that improve operations and lower costs for consumers.

According to DOE, the U.S. currently lags behind a number of countries in the deployment of advanced transmission technologies in large part because of differences in regulatory environments. Grid-enhancing technologies often cost a fraction of a transmission expansion, but are not being deployed because our current policies do not provide the same incentive for these new technologies as they do for more conventional options.

In the Energy Policy Act of 2005, Congress enacted section 219 of the Federal Power Act, which directs FERC to implement transmission rates that improve reliability and reduce the cost of power. Sec. 219(b)(3) explicitly requires the Commission to "encourage deployment of transmission technologies and other measures to increase the capacity and efficiency of existing transmission facilities and improve the operation of the facilities."

We strongly believe FERC's transmission policies must ensure that the full range of non-wires options are fairly considered as part of all proposed upgrades in transmission capacity. Among these options are commercial smart-grid technologies that can deliver more power over existing lines or reduce transmission congestion, including power flow control, dynamic line ratings, storage-as-transmission and topology optimization.

Though grid-enhancing technologies are readily available and can improve operation of the existing grid, the commission's current transmission incentives policies do not encourage their deployment. Moreover, conventional incentives based on Return-on-Equity combined with high benefit-cost thresholds are not likely to accomplish the Commission's statutory obligation to encourage deployment of smart grid technologies.

We respectfully urge the Commission to incorporate in the final rule specific performance-based transmission incentive policies for transmission owners and operators that properly value the operational benefits advanced transmission technologies provide consumers.

Sincerely,

/s/ Martin Heinrich MARTIN HEINRICH United States Senator

/s/ Angus S. King, Jr. ANGUS S. KING, JR. United States Senator

/s/ Tina Smith TINA SMITH United States Senator

/s/ Ron Wyden RON WYDEN United States Senator

/s/ Margaret Wood Hassan MARGARET WOOD HASSAN United States Senator

/s/ Michael F. Bennet MICHAEL F. BENNET United States Senator

/s/ Jeanne Shaheen JEANNE SHAHEEN United States Senator /s/ Sheldon Whitehouse SHELDON WHITEHOUSE United States Senator

/s/ Joe Manchin III JOE MANCHIN III United States Senator

/s/ Chris J. Van Hollen Jr. CHRIS J. VAN HOLLEN JR. United States Senator

/s/ Dianne Feinstein DIANNE FEINSTEIN United States Senator

/s/ Bernard Sanders BERNARD SANDERS United States Senator

/s/ Edward J. Markey EDWARD J. MARKEY United States Senator